

2025

(FYUGP)

(3rd Semester)

SOCIOLOGY

Paper Code : SOC/G/SEC-2

(**Gender Sensitization**)

Full Marks : 37.5

Pass Marks : 40%

Time: 2 Hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions.*

PART A – OBJECTIVE

Section –I

A. Choose the correct answer: (½x15=7½)

1. Gender is socially constructed and _____ determined.
a) Politically b) Culturally c) Economically

2. Having been born into one sex or another, individuals are then socialized according to
a) Specific gender expectations and roles
b) Specific sexual expectations and roles
c) None of the above

(Turn Over)

(2)

3. Who wrote the book, sex, gender and Society in 1972?
 - a) Simone de Beauvoir
 - b) Nancy Chodorow
 - c) Ann Oakley
4. The term sex is a differentiation between the biological male and the biological female.
 - a) Physical
 - b) Emotional
 - c) Social
5. 'Sex', as a norm, not only regulates but also 'the bodies it governs'.
 - a) Destroys
 - b) Eliminates
 - c) Produces
6. What is the most common form of gender based violence?
 - a) Domestic violence
 - b) Rape
 - c) Acid-attack
7. Under International Human Rights Law, Right to Sexuality relates to the human rights of people of diverse sexual orientations including
 - a) Lesbian and gay
 - b) Bisexual and transgender
 - c) Lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender (LGBT)
8. Under Article 300-A "The right to property" is a constitutional and a
 - a) Social right
 - b) Economic right
 - c) Human right

(5)

PART B – DESCRIPTIVE

(Marks: 25)

Answer any five (5):

(5x5=25)

1. a) Bring out the differences between sex and gender.

Or

b) Explain Sexual Preference as a right.
2. a) What are the various legislations Indian Government has implemented in support of gender equality?

Or

b) Discuss personal Law.
3. a) What the effects of rape.

Or

b) Discuss the various forms of sexual harassment in the workplace.
4. a) What is domestic violence?

Or

b) Discuss on the Right to property.
5. a) Explain masculinity and femininity.

Or

b) Explain the various types of rape?

(Continued)

(3)

9. According to the Islamic Law of Marriage and Succession, marriage is a
- Holy union and indissoluble
 - Civil and dissoluble contract
 - Civil and indissoluble
10. Sexual harassment is another weapon to “put women in their place” and to “teach them a lesson” for
- Accepting their right to life with dignity and equality at the workplace
 - Denying their right to life with dignity and equality at the workplace
 - Asserting their right to life with dignity and equality at the workplace
11. Rape is unwanted, forced sexual intercourse which can happen
- To females and adults
 - To females or males, adults or children or elders, people with disabilities or to healthy people
 - Only to healthy people
12. Domestic violence occurs in
- Physical, emotional, sexual, verbal abuse, willful intimidation, abusive behavior.
 - Battery, willful intimidation and verbal abuse
 - Physical, emotional, sexual and economic
13. In which year, the Maternity Benefits Act was enacted?
- 1962
 - 1961
 - 1963

(4)

14. Quid Pro Quo is a sexual favour as a pre-condition
- To employment only
 - To increment only
 - To employment, increment and promotion
15. Section 376 of IPC 1860 specifies
- Punishment for sexual harassment
 - Punishment for acid attack
 - Punishment for rape

Section – II

Answer any five (5) from the following in brief: (1x5=5)

- What is sexual preference?
- What does the Special Marriage Act, 1954 permits?
- In which year the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act came into effect?
- What is one of the most common psychological consequences of rape?
- What does PTSD stands for?
- In which year, the Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act (PWDVA) came into force?
- What is the main objective of Dowry Prohibition Act of 1961?
- In which year, the Parliament passed the Indecent Representation of Women (Prohibition) Act?

(Turn Over)

(Continued)