

Ba/POL/H/M-3



2025

(FYUGP)

(3rd Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

(MINOR)

Paper Code : POL/H/M-3

**(Introduction to Comparative
Government and Politics)**

Full Marks : 75

Pass Marks : 40%

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 50)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. (a) Explain the meaning, nature and scope of comparative politics. 10

Or

- (b) Discuss the classification of political system in comparative politics.

(2)

2. (a) Examine the relations between liberal democracy and globalization. 10

Or

- (b) What is the meaning of socialism? Examine its growth. 3+7=10

3. (a) Discuss the evolution of parliamentary sovereignty in UK. 10

Or

- (b) Trace the evolution of Brazil's Constitution.

4. (a) Examine the doctrine of separation of power in the American political system. 10

Or

- (b) Critically examine Russia's political system.

5. (a) Examine the features of the American judicial system. 10

Or

- (b) Examine the organization and working of British judicial system.

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Paper Code : POL/H/M-3

**(Introduction to Comparative
Government and Politics)**

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the
brackets provided : 1×10=10

1. Contemporary study of comparative politics is

- (a) eurocentric ()
- (b) narrow in its scope ()
- (c) limited to formal institutional
structure ()
- (d) analytical and empirical ()

2. According to Aristotle, the perverted form of polity is

(a) tyranny ()

(b) oligarchy ()

(c) aristocracy ()

(d) democracy ()

3. Who said, "Imperialism is the highest stage of capitalism"?

(a) Harold Laski ()

(b) C. E. M. Joad ()

(c) Friedrich Engles ()

(d) Vladimir Lenin ()

4. Who said, "Socialism is like a hat that has lost its shape because everybody wears it"?

(a) Harold Laski ()

(b) C. E. M. Joad ()

(c) Friedrich Engles ()

(d) Karl Marx ()

5. _____ established the ultimate sovereignty of the British Parliament.

(a) Magna Carta of 1215 ()

(b) Civil Wars ()

(c) Glorious Revolution of 1688 ()

(d) Reform Act of 1832 ()

6. Which is the largest parliamentary body in the world?

(a) The Congress of America ()

(b) The Federal Assembly of Russia ()

(c) The National Congress of Brazil ()

(d) National People's Congress of China ()

7. The Democrats and Republicans are political parties of

(a) Great Britain ()

(b) United States ()

(c) France ()

(d) Russia ()

8. The National Assembly and the Senate are the two Houses of Parliament of

(a) Great Britain ()

(b) United States ()

(c) France ()

(d) Russia ()

9. The judges of the Federal Court in America are appointed by the President and confirmed by

(a) the Congress ()

(b) the Senate ()

(c) the House of Representatives ()

(d) the Chief Justice ()

10. The final court of appeal for civil and criminal cases in UK is

(a) the Supreme Court ()

(b) the High Court ()

(c) the House of Lords ()

(d) the House of Commons ()

Answer the following questions :

2×5=10

1. What is oligarchy?

2. What do you understand by filibuster?

3. What is the meaning of colonialism?

4. What do you understand by the doctrine of rule of law?

5. What was the Great Leap Forward?

Indicate whether the following statements are *True* or *False* by putting a Tick (✓) mark : 1×5=5

1. There is no relation between capitalism and colonialism.

True () *False* ()

2. Brazil is a parliamentary democracy.

True () *False* ()

3. France has a semi-presidential form of government.

True () *False* ()

4. Down to the countryside was a part of China's cultural revolution.

True () *False* ()

5. Russia has a multi-party system in true sense of the term.

True () *False* ()

★ ★ ★