

B. Short Answer type (*any seven*). (7x1=7)

1. What is Law of Superimposition?
2. Define archaeological Site?
3. Define the term Palaeontology?
4. Explain in brief the meaning of spatial archaeology?
5. What do you understand by Settlement Archaeology?
6. What is the meaning of 3D measurement?
7. What is Horizontal excavation?
8. Why GPS is important in Archaeology?

PART B – DESCRIPTIVE

Answer *any 5* from the following questions. (5x5=25)

1. Compare the Cultural-Historical approach with the Post Processual Archaeology in understanding Archaeology as a discipline.
2. What is a site survey? What are the different methods used for exploration of sites?
3. Discuss the Underwater Archaeology in the light of recent development in India.
4. Discuss on the methods and prospect of Archaeological excavation.
5. Why Processual Archaeology is also known as “New Archaeology”?
6. What is the difference between Relative and Absolute Dating method and enumerate with some examples each?
7. Discuss the term archaeology and what are the aims and scope of Archaeology.
8. Discuss the ethnoarchaeological method of data collection and how far does it help in understanding the process of cultural formation.

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2025

(FYUGP)

(4th Semester)

HISTORY (SEC)

Paper Code : HIS/403

(Introduction to Archaeology)

Full Marks : 37.5

Pass Marks : 40%

Time: 2 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

PART A – OBJECTIVE

A. Multiple Choice Questions. (½x15=7½)

1. The word Archeology is derived from which word
 - a) Latin
 - b) Hebrew
 - c) Armanaic
 - d) Greek
2. What does “arkhaio means _____ .
 - a) to study
 - b) ancient or old
 - c) look into the Past and construct the present
 - d) All of the above

(2)

3. Who is regarded as the “Father of Indian Archaeology?”
a) Alexander Cunningham b) W. Flinders Petrie
c) Marcello Venuti d) None of the Above
4. Who is the opponent of Horizontal Excavation?
a) James Princep b) Flavio Biondo
c) Mortimer Wheeler d) L. Binford
5. Philip Barker is the one behind which method of excavation
a) Horizontal Excavation b) Vertical Excavation
c) Open air Excavation d) Grid Excavation
6. Find the odd one -
a) Stripping b) Sieving
c) Flocking d) Quartering
7. Gordon Childe wrote which of the following book which is still read widely by scholars.
a) Man Makes Himself b) What Happened in History
c) Only 2 is correct d) a and b is correct
8. Who was the first person to use the stratigraphy ?
a) William Smith b) Mark Kenoyer
c) Flavio Biondo d) All of the Above
9. The contour map represents which of the following
a) topographical features
b) the elevation or furrow of the landscape
c) archaeological features
d) None of the above

(3)

10. Who is the Chief exponent of Cognitive Archaeology?
a) Colin Renfrew b) Paul Bahn
c) both 1 & 2 d) only 1 is correct
11. Karl Butzer is an expertise in
a) Environmental Archaeology b) Forensic Archaeology
c) Settlement Archaeology d) Marine Archaeology
12. Geoarchaeology, Zooarchaeology and archaeobotany are the three sub-fields of which archaeology
a) Landscape Archaeology b) Environmental Archaeology
c) Settlement Archaeology d) Marine Archaeology
13. During Napoleon Bonaparte’s Egyptian campaign in 1801, many experts were brought to carrying out a full study of the Egyptian civilization, which led to the discovery of
a) Pyramids of Egypt b) Rosetta stone
c) Egyptian Mummy d) Egyptian inscriptions
14. Which dynasty assigned the officials to unearthed, studied, and catalogued ancient artifacts
a) The Song Empire of Imperial China
b) The Achaemenid Empire of Persia
c) The Yamato Empire of Imperial Japan
d) King Charles of the Two Sicilies
15. The hieroglyphics is _____.
a) is a Greek translation of the Egyptian phrase “the gods words”
b) it is a combination of pictographic and alphabetic elements
c) The ancient Egyptians invented this
d) All of the above

(Continued)

(Turn Over)