

2025

(FYUGP)

(2nd Semester)

COMMERCE

(MAJOR)

Paper: BC/C3

(Corporate Accounting)

Full Marks: 75
Pass Marks: 40%

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. (a) What do you mean by Bonus Share?
What are the advantages of issue of bonus share? Explain the procedure for issuing of bonus share.

4+6+5=15

Or

(b) B Ltd. issued 10000 shares of ₹100 at ₹120. Amount payable there on as under:

On Application—₹20 On Allotment—₹50 (including premium) On First Call—₹30 On Final Call—₹20

All the shares were subscribed by the public. All the shares were allotted. All calls were made and money received in full except on 100 shares of Mr. X on both calls and 200 shares of Mr. Y in last call. All unpaid shares were forfeited after legal formalities. Forfeited shares were re-issued at ₹90 each.

Pass Journal Entries in the book of company and support with a Balance Sheet.

15

Define goodwill. Why is there need for **2.** (a) the valuation of goodwill? Discuss the various methods of calculating goodwill.

2+3+10=15

Or

(b) Following is the Trial Balance of ABC Ltd. as on 31st March, 2023:

Dr. Balances	₹
Opening Stock	1,50,000
Purchases	3,80,000
Wages	60,000
Carriages	2,000
Furniture	25,000

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Dr. Balances	₹
Salaries	12,000
Rent	15,000
Trade Expenses	11,000
Sundry Debtors	54,000
Plant and Machinery	12,00,000
Cash at Bank	21,500
Patents	9,000
Bills Receivable	14,000
Bad Debts	6,500
Discount Allowed	8,000
	19,68,000
Cr. Balances	
Equity Share Capital	5,00,000
Purchase Return	10,000
Sales	11,50,000
Discount	6,300
Surplus A/c	1,70,000
Sundry Creditors	33,700
General Reserve	82,000
Bills Payable	13,000
Provision for Doubtful Debts	3,000
	19,68,000

Additional Information:

(i) Stock on 31st March, 2023— ₹2,00,000

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(Turn Over)

- (ii) Depreciate Plant and Machinery at 12%, Furniture at 10% and Patents at 20%
- (iii) Provide income tax @ 30%

 Prepare Statement of Profit & Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2023 and Balance Sheet as on that date. 7+8=15
- **3.** (a) What Amalgamation? What is Amalgamation in the nature of 'merger'? Distinguish between Amalgamation in the nature of 'merger' and Amalgamation in the of nature 'purchase'. 2+3+10=15

Or

(b) The Z Ltd. went into voluntary liquidation on 31st December, 2024. The balances in its books on that date were as below:

	₹		₹
Share Capital:		Land & Buildings	2,50,000
Authorized &		Plant & Machinery	6,25,000
Subscribed :		Patents	1,00,000
5000, 6% Cumulative		Stock	1,37,500
Preference Shares		Sundry Debtors	2,75,000
of 100 each,		Cash at Bank	75,000
fully paid	5,00,000	Surplus A/c	
2500 Equity Shares		(Negative	
of ₹ 100 each,		Balance)	3,00,000
₹75 paid	1,87,500		

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(Continued)

	₹	₹
7500 Equity Shares		
of ₹100 each,		
₹60 paid	4,50,000	
5% Mortgage		
Debenture	2,50,000	
Interest Outstanding	12,500	
Creditors	3,62,500	
	17,62,500	17,62,500

The liquidator is entitled to a commission of 3% on all assets realized except cash and 2% on amounts distributed among unsecured creditors other than preferential creditors.

Creditors include preferential creditors ₹37,500 and a loan for ₹1,25,000 secured by a mortgage on Land & Buildings. The preference dividends were in arrears for two years. The assets realized were as follows:

	₹
Land & Buildings	3,00,000
Plant & Machinery	5,00,000
Patents	75,000
Stock	1,50,000
Sundry Debtors	2,00,000

The expenses of liquidation amounted to ₹27,250

Prepare the Liquidator's Final Statement of Account.

(Turn Over)

4. (a) What is holding company? State the conditions under which a company controls the other company. How is Consolidated Balance Sheet prepared?

4+5+6=15

Or

(b) From the Ledger Balances as at 31st March, 2025 and information given below, prepare Consolidated Balance Sheet:

Cr.					Dr.
	H Ltd.	S Ltd.		H Ltd.	S Ltd.
	₹	₹		₹	₹
Share Capital			Sundry		
of ₹ 10 fully			Assets	8,00,000	1,20,000
paid	10,00,000	2,00,000	Stock	6,10,000	2,40,000
Surplus A/c	4,00,000	1,20,000	Debtors	1,30,000	1,70,000
Reserve	1,00,000	60,000	Bills		
Creditors	2,00,000	1,20,000	Receivable	10,000	_
Bills Payable		30,000	Shares in		
			S Ltd. 150	00	
			at cost	1,50,000	_
	17,00,000	5,30,000		17,00,000	5,30,000

Additional Information:

(i) All the profits of S Ltd. have been earned since the shares were acquired by H Ltd., but there was already Reserve of ₹60,000 at that date

- (ii) The bills accepted by S Ltd. $\mp 10,000$ are in favour of H Ltd.
- (iii) Sundry Assets of S Ltd. are undervalued by ₹20,000
- (iv) The Stock of S Ltd. includes ₹50,000 bought from S Ltd. at a profit to the latter of 25% on cost
- **5.** (a) What are banking and non-banking companies? Discuss the differences between Balance Sheets of banking and non-banking companies. 5+10=15

Or

(b) From the following information, prepare Profit & Loss A/c of Rural Development Bank Ltd. for the period ended on 31st March, 2025. Working should form part of your answer:

15

	₹ (in '000)
Interest on Loans	300
Interest on Fixed Deposits	275
Commission	10
Exchange and Brokerage	20
Salaries and Allowances	150
Discount on Bills (Gross)	152
Interest on Temporary Overdrafts	3
in Current A/c	30

	₹ (in '000
Interest on Cash Credits	240
Interest on Saving Bank Deposit	87
Postage, Telegram and Stamps	10
Printing & Stationery	20
Sundry Expenses	10
Rent	15
Taxes and Licences	10
Audit Fees	10

Additional Information:

- (i) Rebate on Bills discounted— ₹30,000
- (ii) Salary of Managing Director— ₹30,000
- (iii) Bad Debts—₹40,000
- (iv) Provision for Income Tax is to be made @ 55%
- (v) Interest of ₹4,000 on Doubtful Debts was wrongly credited to Interest on Loan A/c
- (vi) Provide ₹15,000 as dividend

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