

2024

(6th Semester)

SOCIOLOGY

Paper Code: CBCP - 601

(Child Rights and Protection)

Full Marks : 70
Pass Marks : 45%

Time: 3 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

(Part A – Objective)

(Marks: 25)

A. Put a tick (provided.) mark against the	e correct answer	in the brackets (1x10=10)
1. Child rights are	subset of	rights.	
a. Children		b. Human	
c. Female		d. Gender	

- 2. In which year, The United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child came into force?
 - a. 1969

b. 1979

c. 1989

d. 1999

3.	According to the Child Labour (1986 a child is prohibited to work in a. Carpet and weaving industries. b. As domestic servants. c. Automobile workshop or garage d. All of the above	n which of the following?			
4.	Which Article of the Constitution prohibits engagement of children below the age of 14 in factories, mines, and other hazardou employment?				
	a. 20	b. 34			
	c. 24	d. 32			
5.	The 86th Amendment Act of 200 article 45 and made elementary eduarticle	02 changed the subject-matter of acation a fundamental right under b. 21A d. 22A			
6.	6. Which state in India has the highest literacy rate in India?				
	a. Kerala	b. Karnataka			
	c. Delhi	d. Odisha			
7.	Child labour and exploitation have due to the article				
8.	What is the full form of CLRWF? a. Child Labour Rehabilitation Funds. Children labour Rehabilitation Forms. Child legislation Rehabilitation Ind. Non of the above	fund			

- 9. Which is not correct about National Child Labour Project (NCLP)
 - a. The scheme provides establishment of special school for child labourers in the age group of 9-14 years.
 - b. The scheme provides formal and informal education.
 - c. The scheme provides training and monthly stipend.
 - d. Only a and b is correct
- 10. CHILDLINE is a National, 24 Hour, Emergency toll free phone service for children in need of care and protection.
 - a. 1089

b. 1098

c. 1001

d. 1099

- B. Indicate whether the following statements are true (T) or false (F) by putting a tick () mark. (1x5=5)
 - 1. Right to be employed is one of the basic child rights. (T/F)
 - 2. According to the constitution of India, child labour may be defined as a person who is below the age of 16 years and is working for an earning. (T/F)
 - 3. The Right of Children to Free and Compulsory Education Act or Right to Education Act (RTE) was introduced on 4th August 2009. (T/F)
 - 4. the National Authority for the Elimination of Child Labour was established on September 26, 1994. (T/F)
 - 5. Child Rehabilitation reverse and undo the damage cause by disease or trauma. (T/F)
- C. Answer any five from the following

(2x5=10)

- 1. What is the meaning of Child Rights?
- 2. State any two constitutional provision that deals with child labour in India.
- 3. Define child labour.
- 4. What is Right to survival mean?
- 5. Write a short note on RTE.

- 6. State Article 24 of the Constitution of India.
- 7. Write briefly on NCLP.

(Part B - Descriptive)

(Marks: 45)

Answer the following. 1. Explain the concept and nature of Child Rights and Protection	. (9)
Or COLUMN 1 Describe	(0)
Elucidate the importance of Child Rights and Protection.	(9)
2. Discuss the nature and concept of child labour. (2-Or	+7=9)
Explain in detail, the causes of child labour.	(9)
3. Elaborate the significance of education in mitigating child labor Or	ur. (9)
Write an essay on Directive Principles of State Policy and Rig Education Act (RTE).	ght to (9)
4. Write a note on the socio-Economic Policies for child rights. Or	(9)
Discuss the constitutional provision for Child Rights.	(9)
5. Examine the role of government in Child Rehabilitation. Or	(9)
What is the role of NGO's in Child Rehabilitation? Discuss.	(9)

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