

2022

(3rd Semester)

HISTORY

Paper No.: HIS-301

[History of India (1526–1857)]

Full Marks: 70 Pass Marks: 45%

Time: 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks: 45)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. Give an account of the Rajput Policy of Akbar. How far was it successful? 7+2=9

Describe briefly the factors responsible for the decline of the Mughal Empire.

Describe the main features Mansabdari System of the Mughals. 9

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Describe the development of architecture during the Mughal period.

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3. Discuss the circumstances that led to the Battle of Plassey. What were its results?

5+4=9

Or

Describe the methods adopted by Lord Wellesley for the expansion of the British power in India.

9

4. Briefly examine the Land Revenue Settlements introduced by the British in India.

9

Or

Describe the growth of modern industries in India under the British.

9

5. Explain, in brief, the history of the spread of Western education in India.

9

Or

Assess the contribution of Raja Ram Mohan Roy in the social and cultural awakening of the Indians in the 19th century.

9

2. Sher Shah

Or

Jagirdari System

3. Robert Clive

Or

The First Anglo-French War

4. The impact of British economic policy in India
Or

De-industrialization

5. Sayyid Ahmad Khan

Or

The growth of modern intelligentsia

SECTION-II

	(<i>Marks</i> : 10)							
В.	Choose the correct answer by putting a Tick (✓) mark in the brackets provided : 1×10=							
	 During which of the following Battles did Babur declare Jihad (holy war)? 							
	(a) The First Battle of Panipat ()							
	(b) The Battle of Khanwa ()							
	(c) The Battle of Ghaghra ()							
	2. The Sultan of Delhi on the eve of Babu invasion was	ır's						
	(a) Ibrahim Lodi ()							
	(b) Muhammad Shah ()							

(c) Daulat Khan ()

3. What is 'Ibadat-Khana'?	
(a) Hall of worship ()	
(b) Public hall of audience ()	
(c) Private hall of audience ()	
4. Grand Trunk Road was constructed during reign of	the
(a) Akbar ()	
(b) Shah Jahan ()	
(c) Sher Shah ()	
5. The East India Company secured a 'Firm from emperor Farrukhsiyar in the year	ıan'
(a) 1717 ()	
(b) 1718 ()	
(c) 1719 ()	

6.	Hyder Ali was defeated by the British in 1781 at						
	(a) Pondicherry ()						
	(b) Trichinopoly ()						
	(c) Porto Novo ()						
7.	Who was the first person to expose the true nature of British rule in India through his paper, English Debt to India?						
	(a) Ramesh Chandra Dutt ()						
	(b) Gopal Krishna Gokhale ()						
	(c) Dadabhai Naoroji ()						

8. In case of which of the following produces did the British decide to abolish export duty in
order to encourage its exports even though India did not have any surplus stock?
(a) Rice ()
(b) Wheat ()
(c) Cotton ()
9. Who propounded the slogan, 'Go back to the Vedas'?
(a) Swami Vivekananda ()
(b) Swami Dayanand Saraswati ()
(c) Annie Besant ()

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10.	The c	ensorship	of	the	Press	Act	was	imposed	by
	Lord	Wellesley	in	the	year				

(a) 1777 ()

(b) 1788 ()

(c) 1799 ()

SECTION—III

(*Marks* : 5)

- C. State whether the following statements are True (T) or False (F) by putting a Tick (✓) mark: 1×5=5
 - 1. Sher Shah belonged to Lodi dynasty.

(T / F)

2. Aurangzeb reimposed Jizya Tax.

(T / F)

 Dual Government in Bengal was abolished by Warren Hastings in 1772.

(T / F)

4. Indian Press Ordinance, 1930 was known as 'Gagging Act'.

(T / F)

 India, till the first half of the 18th century, was world's famous producer and exporter of fabrics, but in the 19th century was reduced to the position of one of the largest consumers of foreign manufacturers.

(T / F)
