# 2. (a) Controlly 1202 the traditional

(2)

(5th Semester)

## POLITICAL SCIENCE

Paper No.: POL-501

#### (Comparative Government and Politics)

3. (a) What do you understand by the

Full Marks: 70 Pass Marks: 45%

factor responsible for the growth of Cabinet Struck : smiT LIK

( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )

( *Marks*: 45)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. (a) Examine the changing nature and scope of Comparative Politics.

Or

(b) Discuss the evolution and development of Comparative Politics as an autonomous subject in the field of Political Science.

2. (a) Critically analyse the traditional approaches to the Study of Comparative Politics.

9

POLITICATO SCIENCE

(b) Discuss the political economy approach to the Study of Comparative Politics.

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3. (a) What do you understand by the 'Cabinet Dictatorship'? Discuss the factor responsible for the growth of Cabinet Dictatorship in UK. 4+5=9

[Comparative Government and Politics ]

Or

(b) "The National People's Congress is the highest organ of state power and all authority of the People's Republic of China flows from it." Discuss.

q

4. (a) Discuss the doctrine of separation of powers and the principle of checks and balances.

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Ybl Discuss the evolution and development

(b) Discuss the role of political parties in a political system.

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(Continued)

5. (a) Examine the problems and issues faced by the Third World Countries in its relations with the developed countries.

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Or

(b) Discuss the main characteristic features of Third World Countries.

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### 2021

(5th Semester)

#### POLITICAL SCIENCE

Paper No.: POL-501

#### (Comparative Government and Politics)

( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks : 25 )

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

 Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided:

1×10=10

and Philosophical

(a) Who among the following thinkers was the first to make a Comparative Study of Governments and brought about its classifications?

(i)	Aristotle	(P) )model Albert	
(ii)	Machiavelli	avid Eakto( a) t	a w
(iii)	J. S. Mill	e (al.) trisd trade	

(b)		en did the ame highly		dy of Comparative Politics ficant?
	(i)			JAOTTLIOT
	(ii)		(	
		1960s	(	
		and Folitie	00000	
(c)		ich is the on nparative Po		t approach to the study of
	(i)			( ) Fiaures in the entropy inclocus
	(ii)	Philosophic	cal	( )
	(iii)	Sociologica	i sib	Par a Tick (2) mark against brackets provided.
(d)	d) Who was the first to apply system approach : Comparative Political analysis?		o apply system approach in	
	(i)	Gabriel Alr	nond	l ( )hotestA (c)
	(ii)	David East	ton	) ( ) Maccinave (i)
	(iii)	Robert Dal	nl	( ) IIM 2 5 (iii)

(e)	Who described Prime Minister as 'primus inter pares'?				
	<i>(i)</i>	Lord Minto (Po) place of (Po)			
	(ii)	Lord Dalhousie ( )			
	(iii)	Lord Morley ( ) and on the lord Morley			
(f)	The	Standing Committee of NPC is elected by			
	(i)	The President of China ( )			
	(ii)	The State Council ( ) ( )			
	(iii)	The National People's Congress ( )			
(g)	Which of the following is not a feature of feder system?				
	E E	(a) developing countries of Africa, A			
	(i)	Dual Citizenship ( )			
	(ii)	Rigid Constitution ( )			
	(iii)	Unicameral Legislature ( )			

(h)	The highest organ of State Power with absolute legislative authority of China is					
	(i)	The National People's Congress ( )				
	(ii)	The Standing Committee ( )				
	(iii)	The Communist Party of China ( )				
(i)	The	term 'Third World' was first used by				
	(i)	Frantz Fanon ( )				
	(ii)	Georg Schwarzenberger ( )				
	(iii)	Jan Tinberger ( )				
<i>(</i> )	Thir	ed World Countries comprise of				
	<i>(i)</i>	developing countries of Africa, Asia and Latin America ( )				
	(ii)	Non-aligned countries ( )				
	(iii)	All of the above ( )				

2. Write short notes on the following:  $5\times2=10$ 

(a) Pressure Groups

- 3. State whether the following statements are True (T) or False (F) by putting a Tick (✓) mark: 1×5=5
  - (a) The study of Comparative Politics also includes the study of extra-Constitutional agencies.

(T/F)

(b) Modern approaches are highly normative in character.

(T/F)

(c) Collective responsibility is a characteristic feature of a Presidential form of government.

(T/F)

(d) Democratic Centralism is a principle of the functioning of Communist Party of China.

(T/F)

(e) Regulations of WTO are always favourable for the Third World Countries.

(T/F)