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(2nd Semester)

ECONOMICS

(Honours)

Paper : ECO-202

(Quantitative Technique—II)

(New Course)

Full Marks : 70
Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

Answer **five** questions, taking **one** from each Unit

UNIT—I

1. (a) Describe the various types of graphs
used in the representation of data. 7

- (b) Draw a frequency curve for the data
given below : 7

| <i>Class Interval</i> | <i>Frequency</i> |
|-----------------------|------------------|
| 25–35 | 7 |
| 35–45 | 9 |
| 45–55 | 22 |
| 55–65 | 7 |
| 65–75 | 3 |
| 75–85 | 2 |

2. (a) Distinguish between the Census and
Sampling methods of collecting data. 3+3=6

- (b) Draw less than ogive and more than
ogive curves for the following data : 8

| <i>Class Interval</i> | <i>Frequency</i> |
|-----------------------|------------------|
| 25–30 | 3 |
| 30–35 | 4 |
| 35–40 | 4 |
| 40–45 | 5 |
| 45–50 | 15 |
| 50–55 | 7 |
| 55–60 | 3 |
| 60–65 | 4 |
| 65–70 | 2 |
| 70–75 | 1 |

(3)

UNIT—II

3. (a) Define mode. What are the merits and demerits of mode? $1+4=5$
- (b) Find Q_1 , Q_2 and Q_3 for the following data : $3+3+3=9$

| <i>Wages</i> | <i>No. of Workers</i> |
|--------------|-----------------------|
| 0-500 | 50 |
| 500-1000 | 72 |
| 1000-1500 | 104 |
| 1500-2000 | 120 |
| 2000-2500 | 96 |
| 2500-3000 | 53 |
| 3000-3500 | 42 |
| 3500-4000 | 46 |

4. (a) Calculate arithmetic mean for the following data using both the direct method and the indirect method (shortcut method) : $5+5=10$

| <i>Class Interval</i> | <i>Frequency</i> |
|-----------------------|------------------|
| 0-10 | 12 |
| 10-20 | 15 |
| 20-30 | 28 |
| 30-40 | 25 |
| 40-50 | 20 |

- (b) Write a short note on the different types of averages. 4

(4)

UNIT—III

5. (a) Define the following : $2+2=4$
- (i) Variance
- (ii) Coefficient of variation
- (b) Calculate the mean deviation from the median and also find its coefficient from the given data : 10

| <i>Age</i> | <i>No. of Persons</i> |
|------------|-----------------------|
| 15-25 | 150 |
| 25-35 | 325 |
| 35-45 | 200 |
| 45-55 | 125 |

6. (a) Define mean deviation. What are its merits and demerits? 4
- (b) Find standard deviation and coefficient of variation for the following data : 10

| <i>Class Interval</i> | <i>Frequency</i> |
|-----------------------|------------------|
| 5-15 | 3 |
| 15-25 | 7 |
| 25-35 | 9 |
| 35-45 | 23 |
| 45-55 | 15 |
| 55-65 | 8 |
| 65-75 | 6 |
| 75-85 | 4 |

(5)

UNIT—IV

7. (a) Write short notes on the following : 3+3=6
(i) Consumer price index number
(ii) Fisher's ideal index number

- (b) Using the method of semi-averages,
fit a trend line for the following data : 8

| Year | 1980 | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 |
|--------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Output | 380 | 400 | 650 | 720 | 690 | 600 | 870 | 930 |

8. (a) What are the four major types of
variations or components of a time
series? 4

- (b) From the given data—

- (i) calculate Laspeyres' index number;
(ii) construct the cost of living index
number using the family budget
method :

| Article | Quantity | Prices | |
|---------------|----------|--------|--------|
| | (2010) | (2010) | (2015) |
| Food | 3 | 12 | 18 |
| Cloth | 12 | 1 | 0.90 |
| Electricity | 40 | 0.20 | 0.25 |
| Rent | 3 | 25 | 23 |
| Miscellaneous | 34 | 0.40 | 0.50 |

5+5=10

(6)

UNIT—V

9. (a) Calculate Karl Pearson's coefficient of
correlation from the following data : 8

| Price (in ₹) | Supply (in kg) |
|---------------|----------------|
| 16 | 37 |
| 17 | 36 |
| 18 | 37 |
| 19 | 32 |
| 20 | 31 |
| 21 | 32 |
| 22 | 33 |
| 23 | 28 |
| 24 | 25 |
| 25 | 22 |

- (b) Define the following : 2+2+2=6

- (i) Coefficient of regression
(ii) Line of best fit
(iii) Spearman's rank correlation

10. (a) Obtain the two regression equations
using the method of least squares from
the data given below : 8

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|----|
| X | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 |
| Y | 5 | 7 | 9 | 8 | 11 |

- (b) What are correlation and regression
analysis? Explain their use in
Economics. 3+3=6

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